GENDER IN NORWAY

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Overview

- Considered one of the most gender equal countries in the world
- Still challenges remain and some sectors lag behind
- Official strategies in Norway:
 - Gender mainstreaming
 - Gender specific actions



Gender equality issues

- Most challenges related to male majority
 - Except in education and healthcare
- 60 % of people with higher education are women
 - Still, the labour market favours men
 - Majority of part-time/temporary workers are women
- Educational choices are still traditional

Indicators for Gender Equality. 2014





Key figures

Almost as many women as men in the workforce

• Men: 73%/Women: 68%

Challenges related to income

- Women earn 86,1 % compared to men (2016)
- Public sector lower income than private sector
- Men hold majority of key political, economic and decision-making positions

Gender Equality. 2015 Key figures Average g income, n 530 100 € 57

Average gross

income, women



Municipal Government More than 3 of 5 are men

Kilde: www.ssb.no/likekom



70 % women

Health Care Sector. 2016

- 84,8 % of all with health care education are women
- 83,3 % of employees with health care education are women
 - Except among doctors where there are a majority of men
- 2,3 % more are taking health care education than in 2015
 - Ageing population = larger demand = safe/attractive jobs





Teknologi for et bedre samfunn